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Globally, there's a **low** level of familiarity with companies in the Mining, Metals and Minerals (MMM) sector.

MMM companies have a
Trust & Like Score of 66 –
corresponding to an **Average**reputation.

Perceptions of the sector have improved in the past 5 years.

- People rate the sector much higher on Offering and Innovation.
- Most people think the sector must do more to help fight climate change.
- Most people think it must do less environmental harm; with the sector's use of water identified as the most serious issue.
- Most people think
  the sector needs to
  be **more** regulated,
  not less.



## Little shock and ore

At first glance, few of the insights will surprise anyone. Companies in the MMM sector like to keep a low profile – an industry-wide shyness that's reflected in the very low Familiarity scores they get.

The sector's middling reputation – on our scale, a Trust & Like Score of 66 is merely Average – won't raise many eyebrows either. Extractive industries rarely win prizes for popularity or transparency.

Given that MMM companies tend to fly beneath the radar, respondents who are familiar with them are more likely to be industry experts or insiders. In other words, they know what they're talking about – making their perceptions particularly germane.

So, while it's hardly surprising that respondents rate MMM companies better on Innovation and Offering than on ESG, it's revealing what they pinpoint as serious issues for the sector to address – like the reduction of carbon emissions and harm to people and the planet.

Equally telling are their views on red tape. According to our survey, most people think the sector needs more regulation, not less. Again, if we assume the respondents are particularly knowledgeable about the industry, their apparent enthusiasm for additional regulation suggests the sector may be facing a deep pool of reputational risk – and that, to mitigate that danger, self-regulation won't cut it.

### Miner concerns

What, then, should we make of the sector's overall reputation? Yes, it's better than some industries and on a par with others. Yes, perceptions of the sector appear to be improving. But the status quo may give the sector a false sense of security. If we assume our survey respondents understand the sector's reputational risks, we can also assume those risks would be amplified if more people knew about them.

In other words, by flying under the radar, MMM companies enjoy less visibility and less scrutiny. If that were to change – in the wake of an environmental scandal, say – some companies could come under the microscope like never before. And for many, the problem is simple: they won't have the protection of a robust reputation to fall back on.

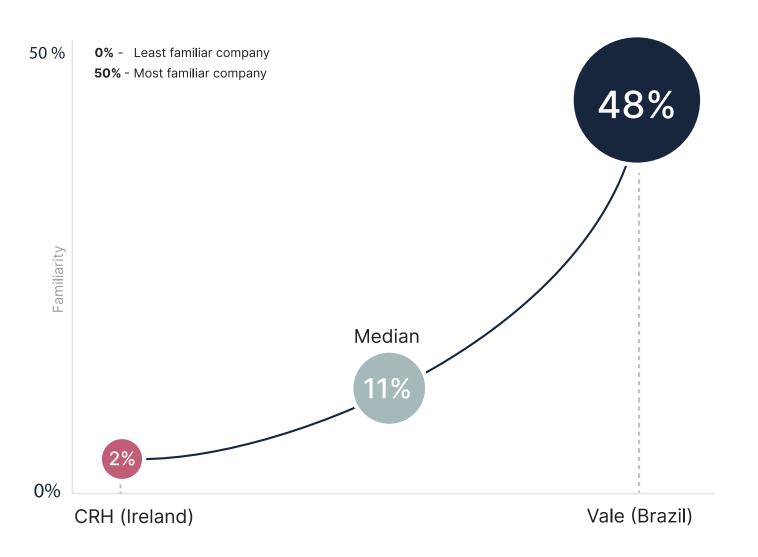


#### **KEY TAKEAWAY**

Most people are unfamiliar with companies in the sector

Only **15%** of our initial pool of respondents were familiar with at least one company in the report – meaning they had some sort of qualified knowledge beyond knowing its name. We invited only those respondents to answer our follow-up questions.

Familiarity ranges from **2% to 48%** with the median being 11%.



Familiarity range of companies included in the MMM report

We've identified key similarities between the best-known companies that indicate why local respondents might be more familiar with them — and vice versa with the least-known companies.

The most well-known companies are all metal-mining companies:







- All three companies have above **40%** familiarity.
- All have a primary focus on iron ore, which is widely used in the global economy.
- All were founded at least 80 years ago, indicating a long history and legacy.
- All play a significant role in their base country's economy, e.g. as taxpayers and local employers.

The least-known companies are:







- All three companies have 2-3% familiarity.
- All have a fragmented business set-up vis-à-vis their geographic operations and/or clarity of operations and no footprint in the market where they were fielded.
- CRH is a materials company with a "house of brands" set-up, making the umbrella brand less visible. Antofagasta and Freeport McMoRan are both mining operators with geographically spread-out facilities.

**KEY TAKEAWAY** 

The sector has an **Average** reputation – perceptions of its Offering, Innovation and Leadership are strong points, while Environment and Relevance lag behind



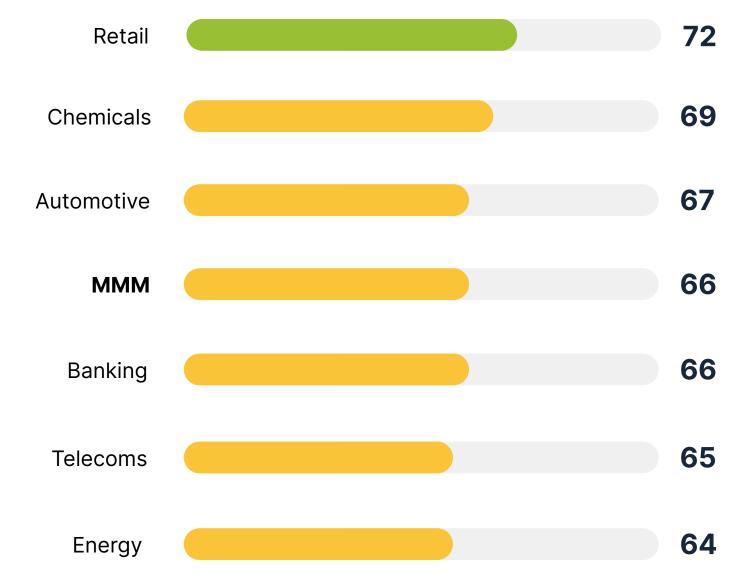
67

Globally, the MMM sector has a Trust & Like Score (TLS) – our chief reputational metric – of **66.** This puts it on a par with the Automotive and Chemicals sectors – and means it's better perceived than the Energy, Banking and Telecoms sectors.

On average, MMM companies are perceived most favorably for their offering, ability to innovate, and leadership. By comparison, they're perceived less favorably for their impact on the planet, their relatability, and how ethically they conduct business.

Reputation **ESG Brand** Authenticity Environment Offering 67 69 63 Differentiation Society Innovation 66 66 68 Relevance Integrity Governance 65 66 64 Inspiration Leadership

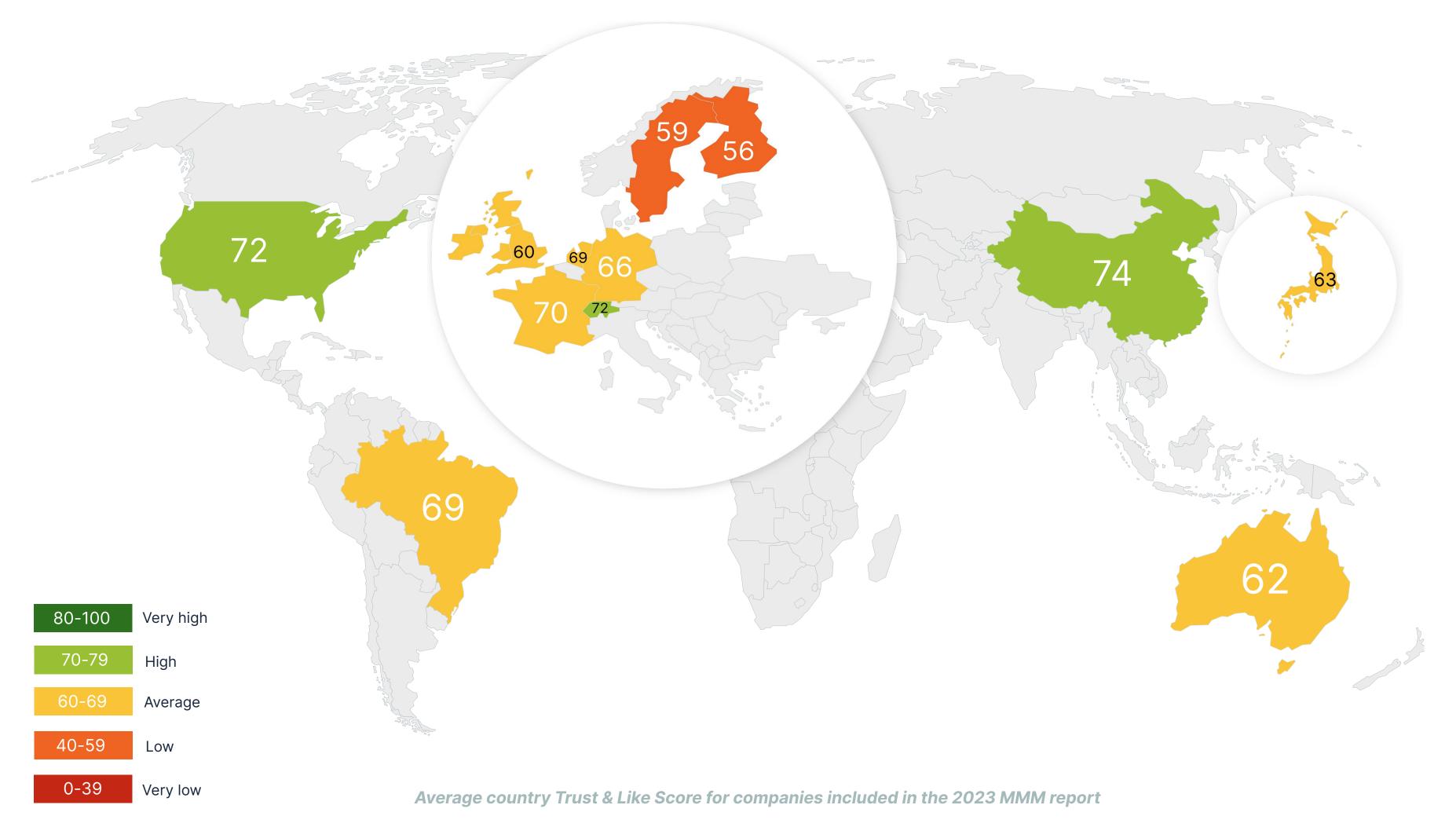
Trust & Like Score for selected global industries



68

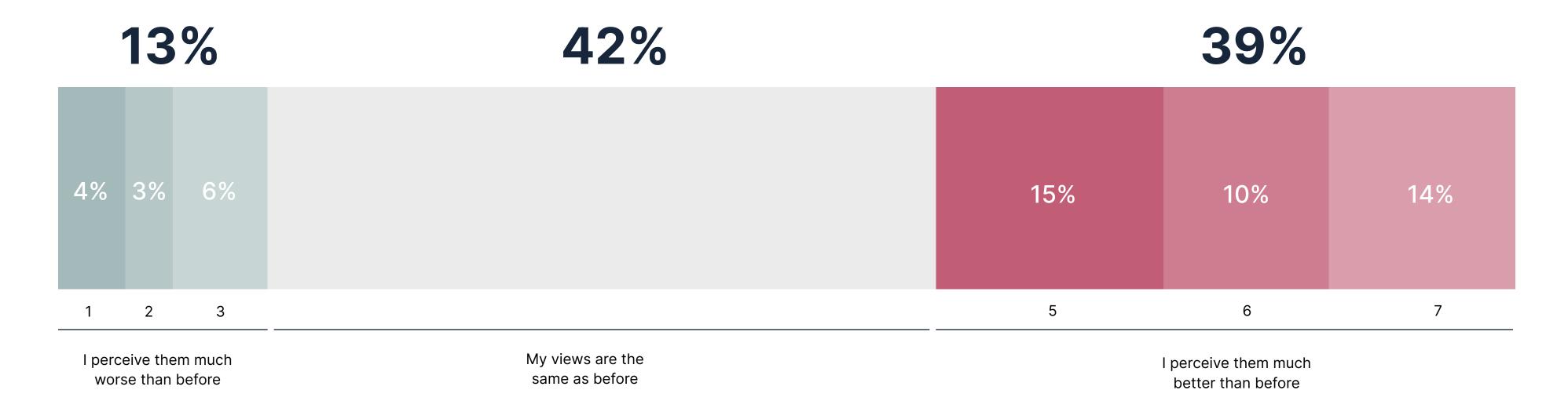
The top 10
companies
are all located
in Switzerland,
China or the
US

The MMM sector is perceived most favorably in the US, China and Switzerland. It's perceived least favorably in the Nordics, the UK and Germany. For more information on companies, refer to the <u>Rankings</u> page.



Most people
have a better
perception
of the sector
than they did 5
years ago

Perceptions of the sector are improving. For the question: "How have your views of the societal impact of the mining, metals and minerals industry changed in the past 5 years?" we received the following answers:



How people perceive the MMM industry now vs. 5 years ago

Percentage of positive respondents

Percentage of negative respondents

Percentage of positive respondents

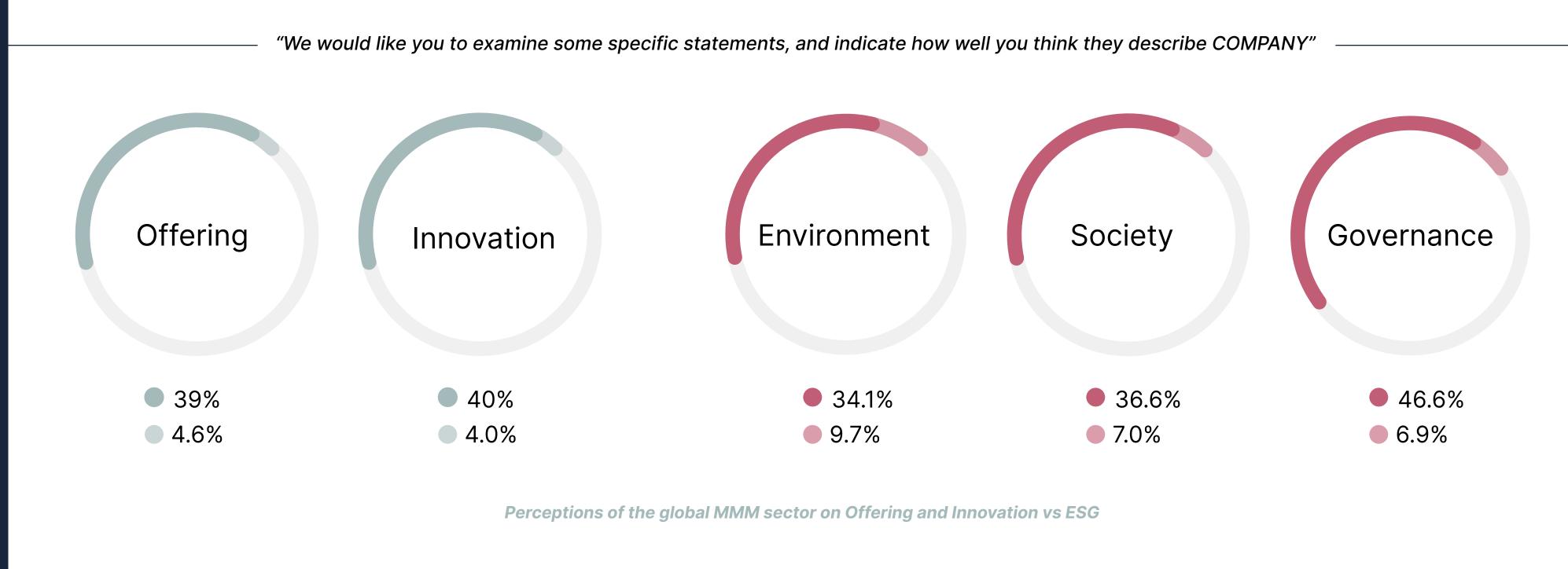
Percentage of negative respondents

#### **KEY TAKEAWAY**

Opinions of the sector are most uniform on Offering and Innovation, and most split on ESG

Perceptions of the sector are most uniform on Offering and Innovation – and split on ESG. 40% of people have a very positive perception of MMM companies on Offering and Innovation (giving these attributes 6–7 on a Likert scale of 1–7, where 1 represents the least positive perception and 7 represents the most positive).

On average, 35% of people have a positive perception of MMM companies on ESG attributes, while 7-10% perceive them negatively – and most on Environment.



Most people
think the sector
could do more
to fight climate
change

67% of respondents say improving efforts to fight climate change is at least as important or more important than ensuring a steady supply of raw materials. 20% think it is most important for MMM companies to focus on fighting climate change.

"What do you consider to be more important for mining, metals and minerals companies to focus on, improving efforts related to fighting climate change or securing a consistent supply of raw materials?"

Climate change comes first

20%

67%

Improving efforts to fight climate change is at least as important as ensuring a steady supply of raw materials

Importance of climate change vs. steady supply of raw materials



Most people want the sector to reduce its harm to the environment and people

Respondents say reducing the environmental impact of extraction is the primary issue to address.

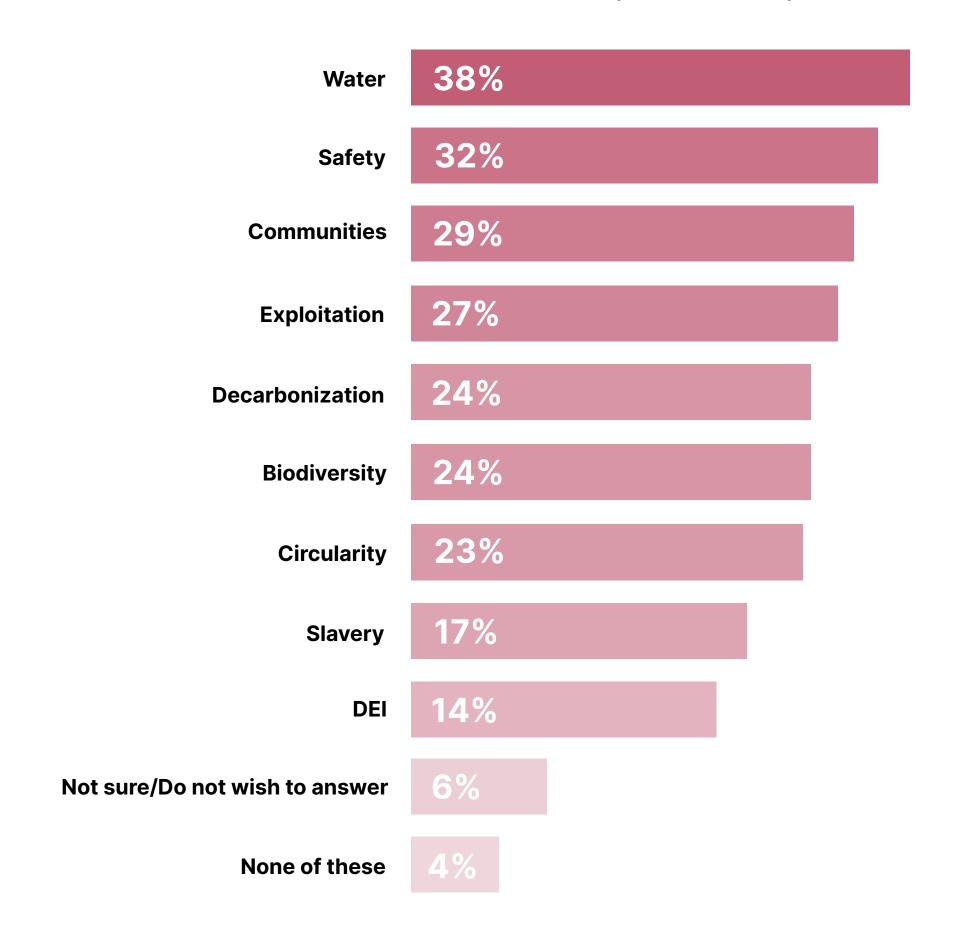


**METHODOLOGY** 

Water use
is seen as
the biggest
problem for
the sector
– but other
issues aren't
far behind

38% of people mention the negative impact on water usage and cleanliness as the most serious issue related to industry operations.

"Which of the areas below do you think the operations of MMM companies have the biggest negative impact on?"



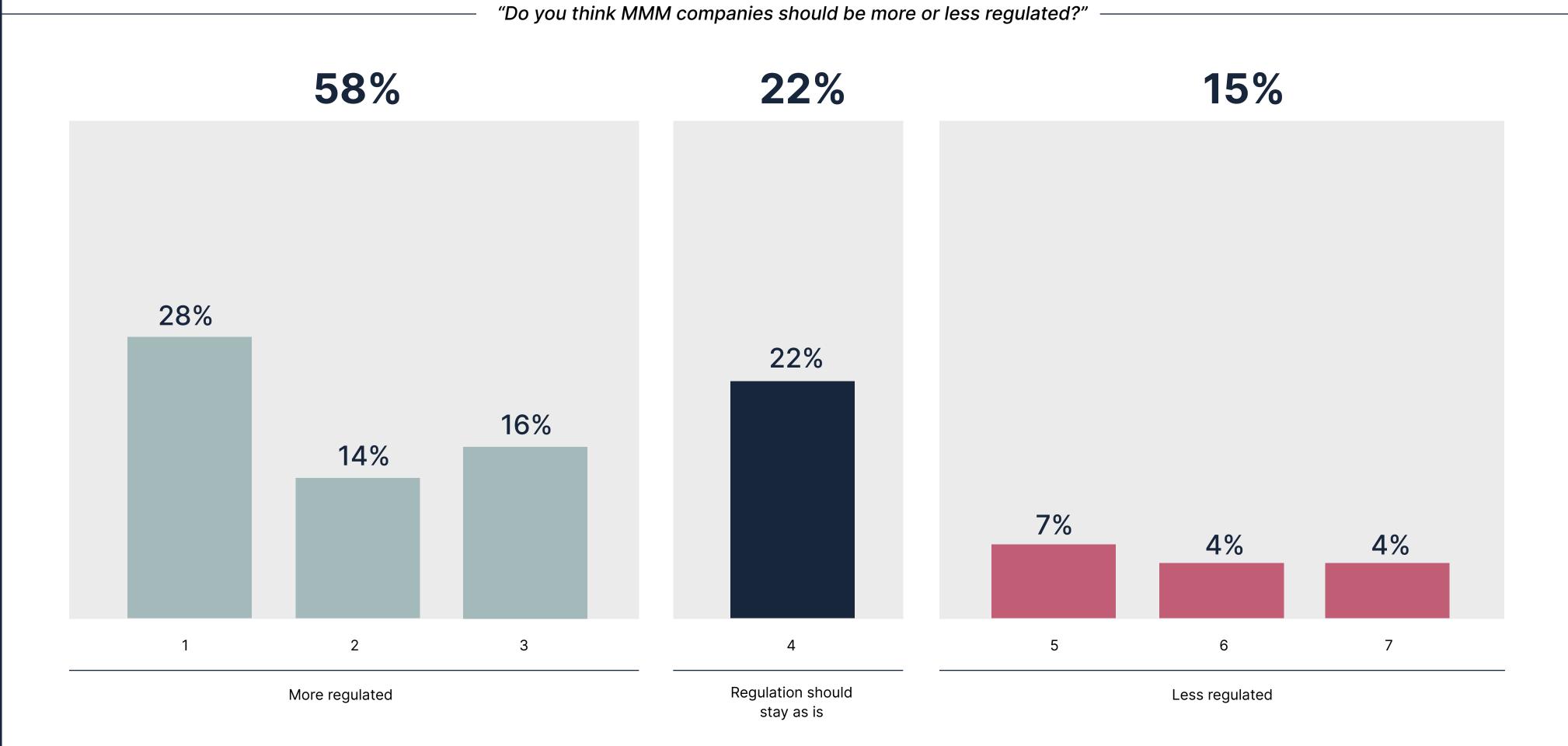
Water	Water usage and cleanliness – Operational water consumption and risk of water
Safety	Health and safety of employees – Not ensuring its employees proper health and safety
Communities	Local communities affected by operations – Relocation of local population and/or lack of responsibility
Exploitation	Exploitation of countries and peoples – Mining companies have not sufficiently remunerated the countries
Decarbonization	Lack of operational innovation to ensure lowering emissions
Biodiversity	Not safeguarding biodiversity from impact of operations
Circularity	Lack of circular economy – Responsibility for the environmental impact of mined materials and potential for reuse
Slavery	Modern slavery – Not abiding with international laws on modern slavery, incl. child labor
DEI	Diversity, equity and inclusion – Not working sufficiently with employee equality e.g., related to gender



Most people
think the sector
needs more
regulation

Overall, 80% of respondents think regulatory levels should stay as they are or be increased. See the graphs below for detailed results.

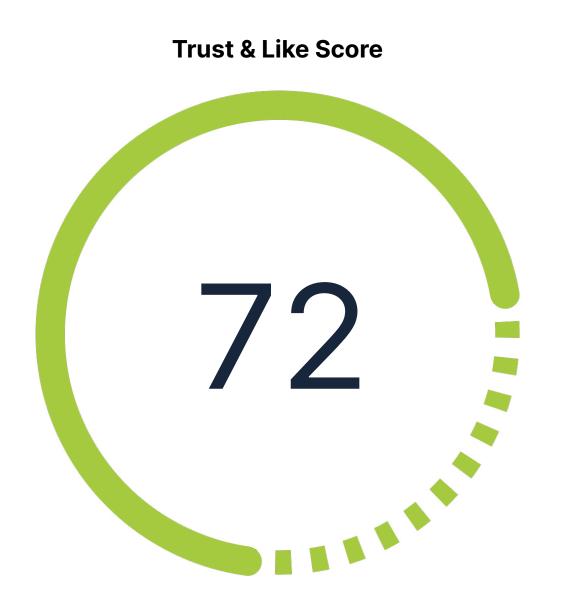
**METHODOLOGY** 



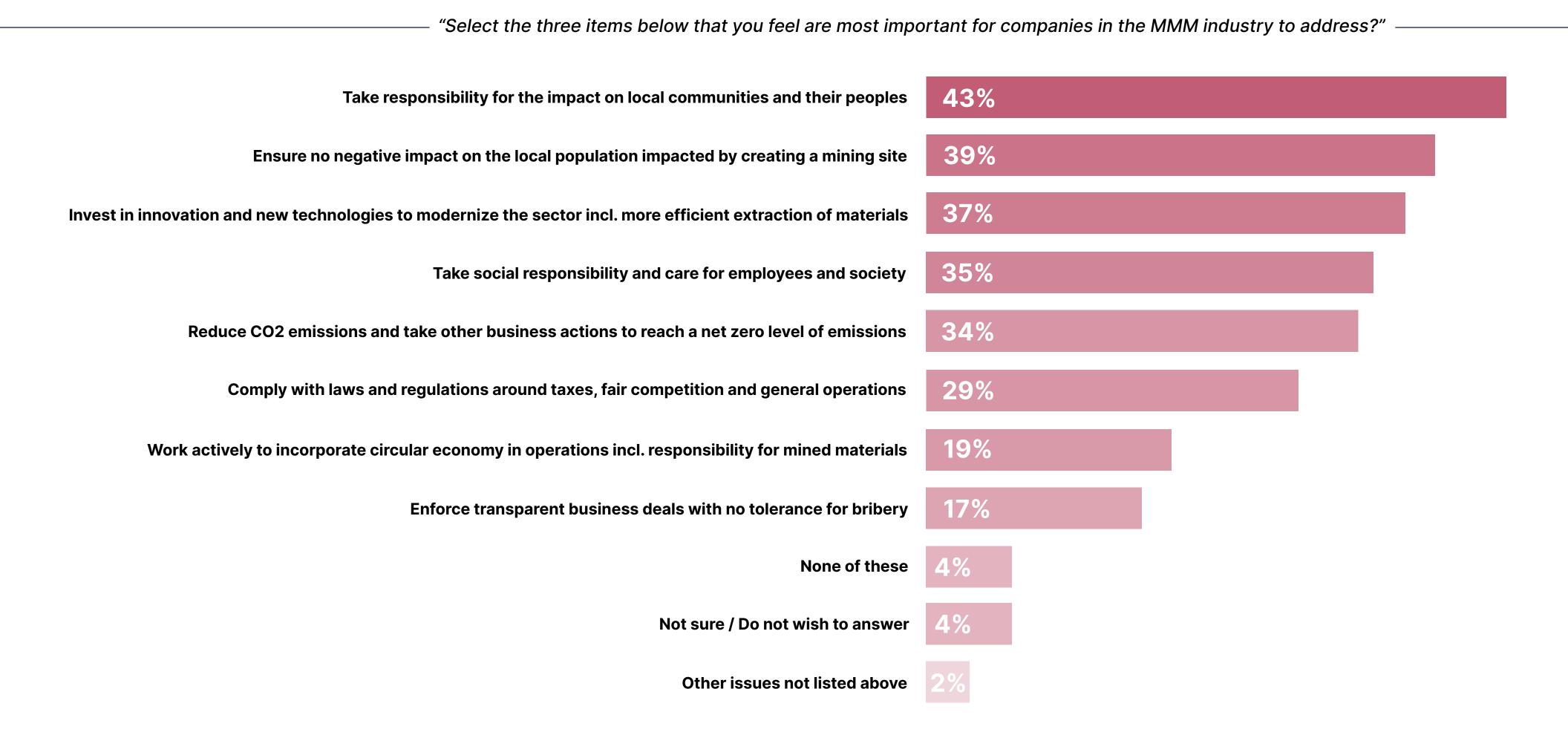


Overall, the US sector has a TLS of 72 – tied with China and second only to Switzerland. Here are top 8 US companies.

No	Company	Logo	TLS	Familiarity	Global rank
1	Freeport-McMoRan		86	3%	3
2	Newmont Mining Corporation	Newmont™	79	4%	5
3	Southern Copper	<b>SOUTHERN COPPER</b>	77	4%	7
4	Materion Corp.	MATERION	77	3%	9
5	Steel Dynamics	Steel Dynamics, Inc.	77	5%	10
6	Alcoa	Alcoa	76	10%	22
7	Nucor	NUCOR®	76	5%	23
8	U.S. Steel	USS United States Steel	74	15%	24

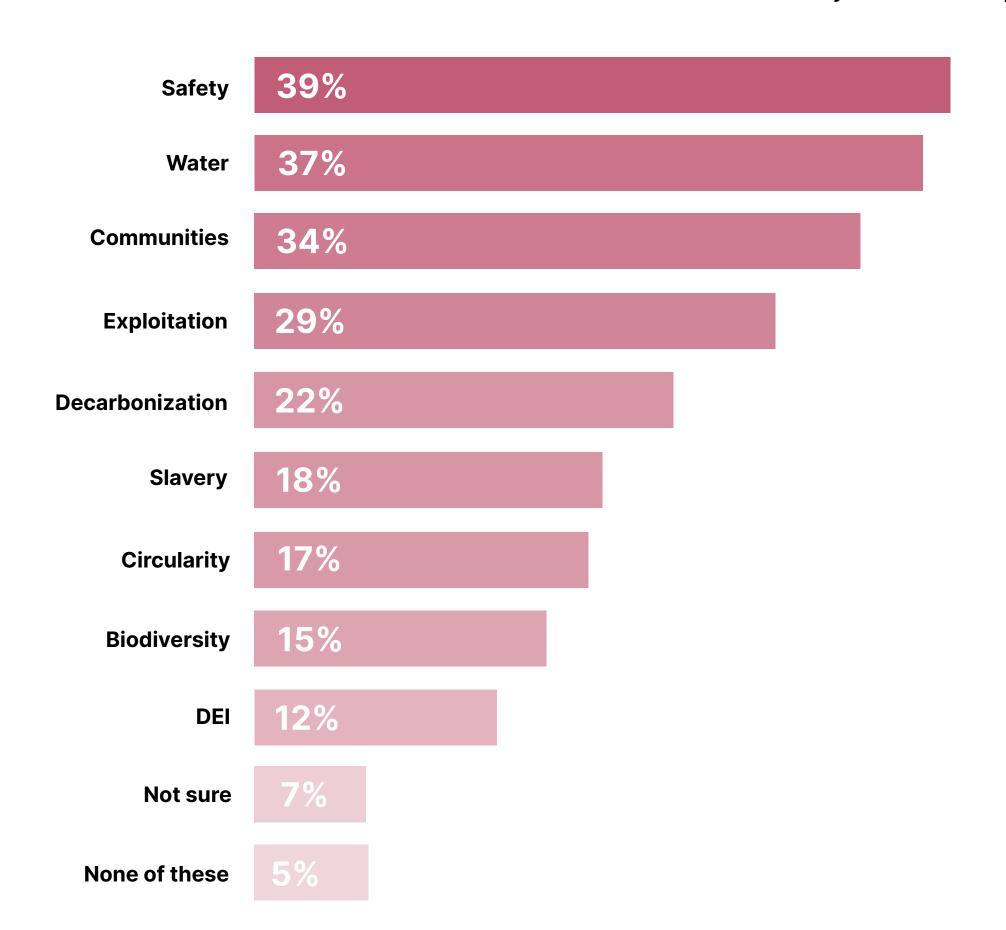


US respondents have a **different** take on the most important issues for the sector:



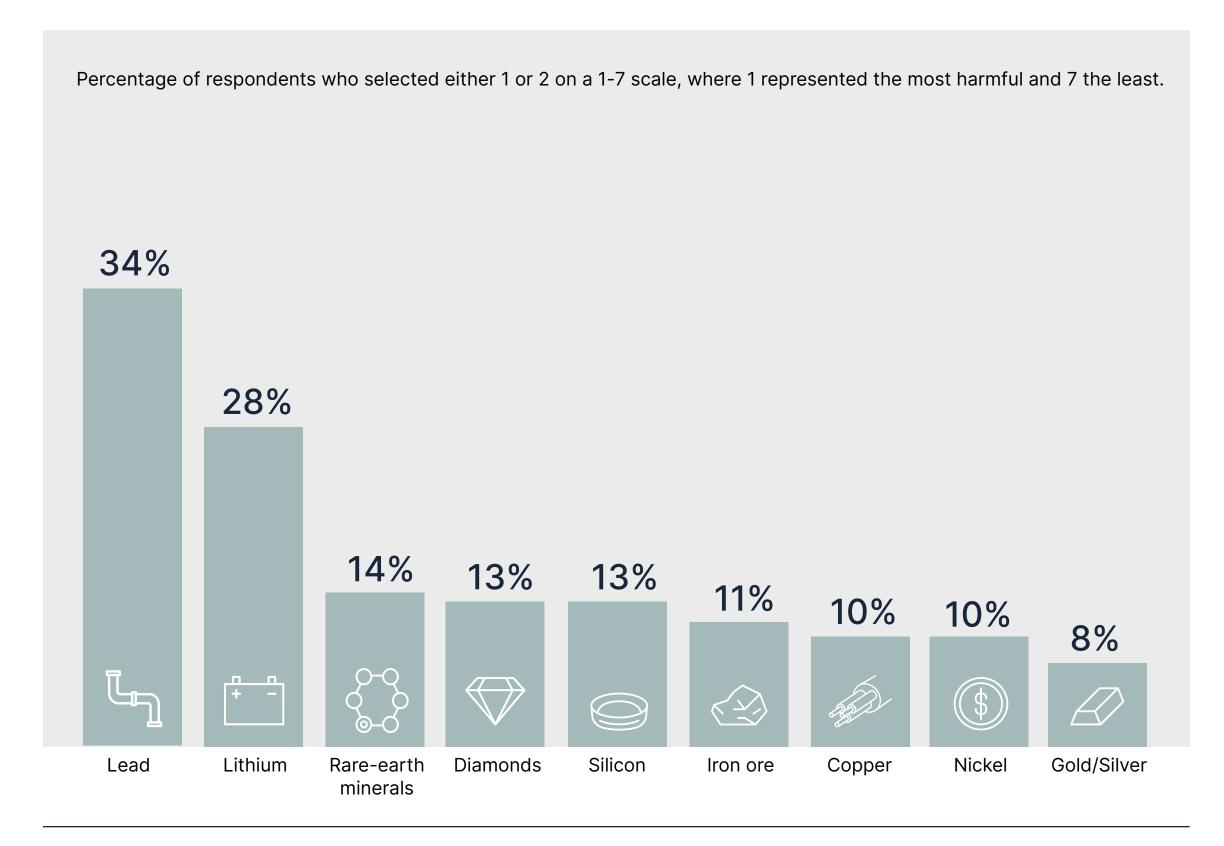
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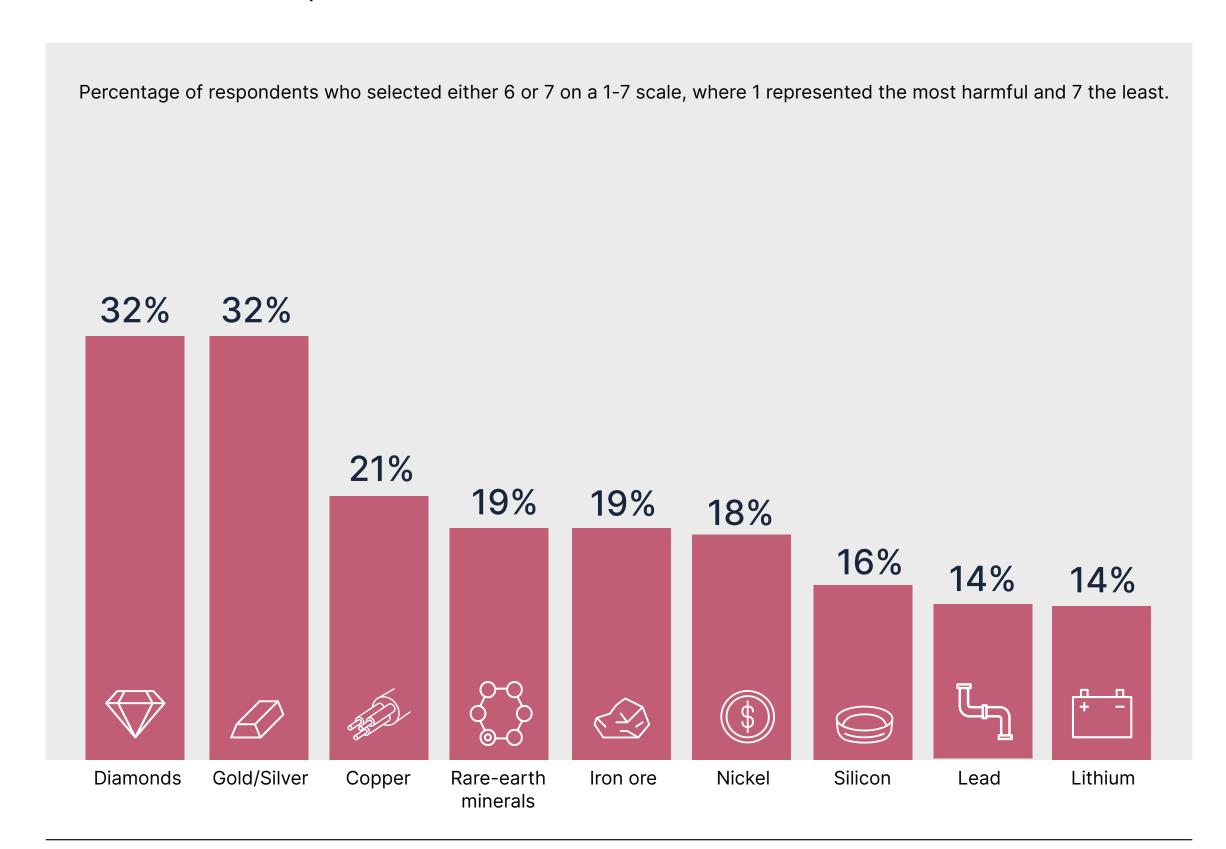
Safety is a top concern among those familiar with the MMM sector in the US. Water usage also ranks high, while Circularity and Biodiversity are mentioned less so compared with the global average.



Water	Water usage and cleanliness – Operational water consumption and risk of water
Safety	Health and safety of employees – Not ensuring its employees proper health and safety
Communities	Local communities affected by operations – Relocation of local population and/or lack of responsibility
Exploitation	Exploitation of countries and peoples – Mining companies have not sufficiently remunerated the countries
Decarbonization	Lack of operational innovation to ensure lowering emissions
Biodiversity	Not safeguarding biodiversity from impact of operations
Circularity	Lack of circular economy – Responsibility for the environmental impact of mined materials and potential for reuse
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DEI	Diversity, equity and inclusion – Not working sufficiently with employee equality e.g., related to gender

We asked respondents in the US which mined materials they considered most harmful. Lead and lithium came top.





Much more harmful than other mined materials

Much less harmful than other mined materials



### **GLOBAL TOP 10**

Trust & Like Scores\*

No	Country	Company		TLS
1	Switzerland	Duferco	Duferco	86
2	Switzerland	Swiss Steel Group	Swiss Steel Group	79
3	USA	Freeport-McMoRan		77
4	China	China Baowu Group	<b>⊘BAOWU</b> 中国宝武	77
5	USA	Newmont Mining Corporation	Newmont	77
6	China	Ansteel Group	ANSTEEL	76
7	USA	Southern Copper	SOUTHERN COPPER	76
8	China	Ganfeng Lithium	競锋锂业 <b>GanfengLithium</b>	74
9	USA	Materion Corp.	MATERION	74
10	USA	Steel Dynamics	Steel Dynamics, Inc.	72

### **GLOBAL BOTTOM 10**

Trust & Like Scores\*

METHODOLOGY

No	Country	Company		TLS
1	Switzerland	Holcim	HOLCIM	59
2	UK	Anglo American	Anglo American	58
3	Sweden	SSAB	SSAB	58
4	Sweden	LKAB	<b>≈LKAB</b>	57
5	Finland	Metso	Metso	56
6	Germany	RWE	RWE	56
7	Finland	Outokumpu	outokumpu 🔵	55
8	Sweden	Boliden	BOLIDEN	55
9	UK	Tata Steel	TATA STEEL	52
10	UK	Rio Tinto	RioTinto	51

See the complete 2023 ranking



### **About Caliber**

Caliber is a stakeholder intelligence company. It provides businesses with actionable intelligence on brand and reputation that helps them understand their audience, communicate more effectively, and build trust.

Caliber created the world's only real-time, customizable stakeholder tracking platform, which shows companies what relevant stakeholders think and how they're likely to behave anytime, anywhere.

Caliber's Real-Time Tracker is the world's most powerful online tool for continuously monitoring stakeholder perceptions. It surveys thousands of people every day and displays real-time metrics on a visually appealing, user-friendly dashboard.

Caliber's Real-Time Tracker also allows companies to monitor the impact of company activities and external events on their brand, reputation, employer attractiveness, perceived sustainability, and people's engagement as customers, advocates, investors, or potential employees.

We help companies make better decisions, adjust their strategies, mitigate crises, reach the right audience, and build trust.



## About this report

This report is based on the data we collected in 2023.

In particular, the report comprises data from:

- 11,359 unique ratings of 49 mining, metals, and minerals companies across 13 markets Australia, Austria, Brazil, China, Finland, France, Germany, Japan, Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States (survey period: September 25–October 15).
- 39,468 unique responses to sector-specific questions across our global index markets (survey period: September 25-October 15).

In each country, the respondents are randomly selected, and the sample is representative of the national population in terms of gender, region, and age within the age span of 18 to 75.

The representative nature of the sample in this study is achieved solely by setting demographic quotas. There is no weighting of raw data or results.

## **Survey questions**

**60-SECOND SUMMARY** 

All questions are asked on a 1–7 Likert scale. Responses are normalized into a rating scale of 0–100.

INSIGHTS

### **REPUTATION**

Offering COMPANY offers compelling products and services

InnovationCOMPANY is innovative in its fieldIntegrityCOMPANY behaves responsibly

**Leadership** COMPANY demonstrates leadership

#### **BEHAVIOR**

**Advocacy** I would say something positive about COMPANY to others, if given the chance

Consideration I would buy, or continue buying, products and services from COMPANY, if given the chance

**Recommendation** I would recommend COMPANY to others, if given the chance

**Employment** If I were looking for a job, I would consider COMPANY as a place to work

### **BRAND**

**Authenticity** COMPANY is a company that does what is says

**Differentiation** I consider COMPANY to stand out from the competition in a positive way

Relevance I can relate to what COMPANY stands for

**Inspiration** I find COMPANY interesting

### **ESG**

**Environment** COMPANY has a positive impact on the planet.

Society COMPANY has a positive impact on people and society.

Governance COMPANY is ethical in the way it conducts business.

## Sector-specific questions\*

Please select the three items below that you feel are most important for companies in the mining, metals and minerals industry to address. Select up to three.

How have your views of the societal impact of the mining, metals and minerals industry changed in the past 5 years?

What do you consider to be more important for mining, metals and minerals companies to focus on, improving efforts related to fighting climate change or securing a consistent supply of raw materials?

Which of the areas below do you think the operations of mining, metals and minerals companies have the biggest negative impact on? Select up to three.

Do you think mining, metals and minerals companies should be more or less regulated?

What is your perception of the environmental and societal impact of mining the below materials? (US only)

### **About Trust & Like Scores**

There is ample proof that stakeholder behavior is linked to the degree to which people trust and like a company.

Therefore, the **Trust & Like Score** is the key element used by Caliber in measuring the strength of a company's brand and reputation.

To better explain the meaning of the Trust & Like Score, we explore several attributes related to Brand, Reputation, Behavior, and ESG\* as well as information on demographics, professional background, and the touchpoints through which stakeholders interact with companies.

You can find more about this approach at groupcaliber.com

To better understand whether a certain score is positive or negative, we use a normative scale that shows how the particular result compares with Caliber's database consisting of similar studies:

 80-100
 70-79
 60-69
 40-59
 0-39

 Very high
 High
 Average
 Low
 Very low

\* Environment, Society, and Governance

